

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA  
PHILADELPHIA DIVISION**

CHANEL BAKER,

Plaintiff,

v.

CASE NO.: **18 1393**

SLM CORPORATION d/b/a SALLIE MAE  
BANK,

Defendant.

**COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, CHANEL BAKER, by and through the undersigned counsel, and sues Defendant, SLM CORPORATION d/b/a SALLIE MAE BANK, and in support thereof respectfully alleges violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 *et seq.* ("TCPA").

**INTRODUCTION**

1. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like Defendant from invading American citizen's privacy and to prevent abusive "robo-calls."

2. "The TCPA is designed to protect individual consumers from receiving intrusive and unwanted telephone calls." *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740 (2012).

3. "Senator Hollings, the TCPA's sponsor, described these calls as 'the scourge of modern civilization, they wake us up in the morning; they interrupt our dinner at night; they force the sick and elderly out of bed; they hound us until we want to rip the telephone out of the wall.'" 137 Cong. Rec. 30, 821 (1991). Senator Hollings presumably intended to give telephone

subscribers another option: telling the auto-dialers to simply stop calling.” *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F. 3d 1242, 1256 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2014).

4. According to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), “Unwanted calls and texts are the number one complaint to the FCC. There are thousands of complaints to the FCC every month on both telemarketing and robocalls. The FCC received more than 215,000 TCPA complaints in 2014.” *Fact Sheet: Wheeler Proposal to Protect and Empower Consumers Against Unwanted Robocalls, Texts to Wireless Phones*, Federal Communications Commission, (May 27, 2015), [https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs\\_public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf](https://apps.fcc.gov/edocs_public/attachmatch/DOC-333676A1.pdf).

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

5. Jurisdiction and venue for purposes of this action are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, Federal Question Jurisdiction, as this action involves violations of the TCPA.

6. Subject matter jurisdiction, federal question jurisdiction, for purposes of this action is appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331, which provides that the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; and this action involves violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). See *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, S.Ct. 740, 748 (2012) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242, 1249 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2014).

7. The alleged violations described herein occurred in Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania. Accordingly, venue is appropriate with this Court under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(2), as it is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this action occurred.

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

8. Plaintiff is a natural person, and citizen of the State of Pennsylvania, residing in Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania.

9. Plaintiff is the “called party.” See *Breslow v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 755 F.3d 1265 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2014) and *Osorio v. State Farm Bank, F.S.B.*, 746 F.3d 1242 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2014).

10. Defendant is a corporation with its principal place of business located at 300 Continental Drive, Newark, Delaware, 19713.

11. Defendant called Plaintiff five hundred (500) times in an attempt to collect an alleged debt.

12. Defendant attempted to collect an alleged debt from Plaintiff by this campaign of telephone calls.

13. Plaintiff is the subscriber, regular user and carrier of the cellular telephone number (267) \*\*\*-6092 and was the called party and recipient of Defendant’s calls.

14. Upon receipt of the calls from Defendant, Plaintiff’s caller ID identified the calls were being initiated from, but not limited to, the following phone numbers: (877) 604-8834 and (877) 324-8854.

15. Upon information and belief, some or all of the calls Defendant made to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number were made using an “automatic telephone dialing system” which has the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator (including but not limited to a predictive dialer) or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and to dial such numbers as specified by 47 U.S.C § 227(a)(1) (hereinafter “auto-dialer calls”). Plaintiff will testify that she knew it was an auto-dialer because of the vast number of calls she received and because she heard a pause when she answered her telephone

before an agent/representative of Defendant came on the line and she received prerecorded messages from Defendant.

16. On several occasions over the last four (4) years, Plaintiff instructed Defendant's agents/representatives to stop calling her cellular telephone.

17. In or about October 2016, Plaintiff answered a call from Defendant and spoke with an agent/representative of Defendant and demanded that the calls to her cellular telephone stop.

18. Despite knowledge of their wrongdoing, Defendant continued the campaign of abuse, calling Plaintiff despite Plaintiff revoking any express consent Defendant may have believed they had to call Plaintiff's cellular telephone.

19. In or about December 2016, Plaintiff spoke with an agent/representative of Defendant and again demanded that the calls to her cellular telephone stop.

20. All of Plaintiff's demands for the harassing telephone calls to her cellular telephone to end were ignored.

21. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice to individuals just as they did to Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case.

22. Defendant has a corporate policy to use an automatic telephone dialing system or a pre-recorded or artificial voice, just as they did to the Plaintiff's cellular telephone in this case, with no way for the consumer, or Defendant to remove the number.

23. Defendant's corporate policy is structured so as to continue to call individuals like Plaintiff, despite these individuals explaining to Defendant they do not wish to be called.

24. Defendant has numerous other federal lawsuits pending against them alleging similar violations as stated in this Complaint.

25. Defendant has numerous complaints against it across the country asserting that its automatic telephone dialing system continues to call despite being requested to stop.

26. Defendant has had numerous complaints against it from consumers across the country asking to not be called, however Defendant continues to call these individuals.

27. Defendant's corporate policy provided no means for Plaintiff to have Plaintiff's number removed from Defendant's call list.

28. Defendant has a corporate policy to harass and abuse individuals despite actual knowledge the called parties do not wish to be called.

29. Not one of Defendant's telephone calls placed to Plaintiff was for "emergency purposes" as specified in 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

30. Defendant willfully and knowingly violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff.

31. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of invasion of privacy and the intrusion upon her right of seclusion.

32. From each and every call without express consent placed by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of the occupation of her cellular telephone line and cellular telephone by unwelcome calls, making the telephone unavailable for legitimate callers or outgoing calls while the telephone was ringing from Defendant's call.

33. From each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone, Plaintiff suffered the injury of unnecessary expenditure of her time. For calls she answered, the time she spent on the call was unnecessary as she repeatedly asked

for the calls to stop. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the telephone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflect the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular telephone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

34. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone was an injury in the form of a nuisance and annoyance to Plaintiff. For calls that were answered, Plaintiff had to go to the unnecessary trouble of answering them. Even for unanswered calls, Plaintiff had to waste time to unlock the telephone and deal with missed call notifications and call logs that reflected the unwanted calls. This also impaired the usefulness of these features of Plaintiff's cellular telephone, which are designed to inform the user of important missed communications.

35. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone resulted in the injury of unnecessary expenditure of Plaintiff's cellular telephone's battery power.

36. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone where a voice message was left which occupied space in Plaintiff's telephone or network.

37. Each and every call placed without express consent by Defendant to Plaintiff's cellular telephone resulted in the injury of a trespass to Plaintiff's chattel, namely her cellular telephone and her cellular telephone services.

38. As a result of the calls described above, Plaintiff suffered an invasion of privacy. Plaintiff was also affect in a personal and individualized way by stress, anxiety, distress, aggravation and depression.

**COUNT I**  
**(Violation of the TCPA)**

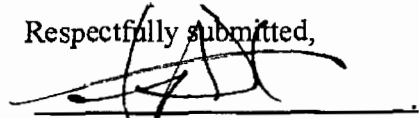
39. Plaintiff fully incorporates and re-alleges paragraphs one (1) through thirty eight (38) as if fully set forth herein.

40. Defendant willfully violated the TCPA with respect to Plaintiff, specifically for each of the auto-dialer calls made to Plaintiff's cellular telephone after Plaintiff notified Defendant that Plaintiff wished for the calls to stop

41. Defendant repeatedly placed non-emergency telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone using an automatic telephone dialing system or prerecorded or artificial voice without Plaintiff's prior express consent in violation of federal law, including 47 U.S.C § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable and judgment against Defendant for statutory damages, punitive damages, actual damages, treble damages, enjoinder from further violations of these parts and any other such relief the court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,



Octavio Gomez, Esquire  
Pennsylvania Bar No.: 325066  
Morgan & Morgan, Tampa, P.A.  
One Tampa City Center  
201 North Franklin Street, 7th Floor  
Tampa, Florida 33602  
Telephone: (813) 223-5505  
Facsimile: (813) 223-5402  
Primary Email: TGomez@ForThePeople.com  
Secondary Email: LDobbins@ForThePeople.com  
*Attorney for Plaintiff*